

ALL SORTS.

The harvest in the West of Ireland is not only abundant, but unusually early.

The illumination of Niagara Falls by electric light is said to be a most weird and fascinating sight.

The colossal bronze statue of Burns, for New York, has been completed by Sir John Steel, Sculptor to the Queen.

According to Professor Read, of London, the world, by geological evidence, has reached the advanced age of 600,000,000 years.

About one million baskets of peaches arrived in New York the week ending Aug. 14. This was called the big peach week of the season.

Paris is adopting the electric light, even in its present crude stage of development. Twenty large establishments are already illuminated in this way, and the boulevards are dazzling with the new light.

The last obstacle to the appointment of Count Von Hatzfeldt, as Secretary of State for foreign affairs, has been removed, his marriage with the American lady, Miss Moulton, having been legally dissolved.

The Steamer, Charles P. Chouteau, which left St. Louis on Tuesday, 24th ult., sank at the foot of Liberty Island Thursday. The pumps were set at work and she was soon afloat again.

Seven men were arrested at Pittsburgh for driving a man into the river and stoning him to death—all for stealing a bunch of grapes—and four of the men were recognized and held to answer to the charge of murder.

The Indian Agent at Poplar river, D. T. has abandoned his post on account of the threatening aspect of the Indians in that vicinity. He reports Sitting Bull within twenty miles of the Agency. Troops have been dispatched to that point from Bismarck.

Excitement in Ireland is rapidly increasing, and the peasantry are organizing to resist the military, who are being sent to the Island very rapidly. One day last week a party boarded a Norwegian bark in Queenstown harbor, and having secured the officers and crew, took from the vessel forty-seven muskets.

The French Government renounces all intention of attempting to control the DeLesseps canal project, and is willing that the work should go on under the auspices of the United States. DeLesseps will soon place 600,000,000 fr worth of stock on the markets of London, Paris, Frankfurt and New York.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says that the United States Consul, Gen. Edwards, has been on a brief tour of inspection of Russia's great mineral resources, and has taken a peep at Stockholm. Meantime, Russia has been unusually swarmed by American tourists, who see the new North interestedly.

Asiatic Cholera of a severe type has broken out in the Russian camp and town of Saratoff. The mortality is great, and still increasing. Certain sanitary precautions have been taken to prevent the disease from spreading to other points but it is feared they will prove unavailable. The town of Saratoff is a fortified place, capital of the province of the same name, situated on the right bank of the Volga, and has a population of 65,000.

The Indians stopped at a point last week and sought to improve the day by giving an eighteen-year old boy a lesson in morality. "M. boy," said the minister, "I have lived forty-five years, and have never used tobacco in any form, nor told a lie, nor uttered an oath, nor played truant, nor—" "Jimminy crickets," interrupted the boy, "yer ain't had no fun at all, have ye?"

It seems that the electric light has been successfully applied to the lighting of the state-rooms and saloons of ships. It was introduced on the ship Columbia, of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company, and on its arrival at Portland, Oregon, the chief engineer reported that the system had worked with entire satisfaction during the whole trip.

The full census returns give Utah a population of 144,000, an increase of 65 per cent. in ten years. Last year a conference of Mormons reported the Mormon population to be 112,000, leaving 32,000 non-Mormons. In 1870, the non-Mormon population was less than 10,000, an increase of 200 per cent. Increase of Mormon population 45 per cent.

The Harvest of the Dalrymple farm at Fargo, Dakota is now nearly completed. There are 24,000 acres in wheat and 12,000 acres in oats, both excellent crops. One hundred and twenty-five Wood self-binders do the cutting, and a number of steam threshers thresh the grain out as fast as it is cut. The wheat will average about twenty bushels to the acre, and is at once shipped to market. Mr. Dalrymple is one of the most successful wheat growers in the country.

It is stated that the oyster crop in England will be very small, owing to the very cool weather and low temperature of the water. In this country, in the vicinity of Long Island, the oystermen expect an unusually large yield, and on account of the failure of the European crop there will doubtless be a large exportation of this edible. The American oyster is considered vastly superior to the foreign, the latter leaving a stringent, coppery taste in the mouth long after it is eaten.

Among the passengers on a steamer which recently arrived from Bremen was a female elephant sent from Hamburg to the Cincinnati Zoological Garden. Permission was asked to enter the animal free of duty, but by law it was found necessary to pay \$439. Her "trunk" was also examined by one of the special custom officers. Some ivory was found but the officers did not consider it prudent to make a seizure, but allowed the contents of the trunk to pass as "wearing apparel."

POLITICS IN FRANCE.

DeFreycinet, the President of the Ministry, in a speech at Montauban, declared that the recent elections had completed the foundation of the Republic of France. He announced that the Government would introduce a bill to settle the condition of all religions and all religious associations. Of this the unauthorized congregations might take the benefit, but they must never be permitted to place themselves above the law. He concluded by stating that the foreign political situation was never better, and that France had emerged from the isolation to which events had condemned her, had resumed her place in general politics, and that the situation was good at home and abroad.

MINISTIAL VIOLENCE MURDERED.

The report of the killing of U. S. Marshal, Willard Ayres, has been confirmed by leaders. He was shot on Wednesday, 11th ult. and only lived about two hours. He was buried at Cherokee town by his brother, Ben Ayres, Zach Moody, and his brother-in-law, who were out on a trip with him. The negro made good his escape after firing the fatal shot. Two hundred dollars reward has been offered for his capture. Willard Ayres was the eldest son of Willard Ayers, watchman of the U. S. Treasury at Washington, and was born and raised at Ft. Smith. He has been engaged as Deputy U. S. Marshal since 1871, and had made a fine reputation as an officer, as well as a man.—Cherokee Advocate.

A COUNT NO ACCOUNT.

Marrying foreign noblemen is not always a profitable business for American girls, as has been discovered by Miss Moulton. In 1869, she was married to Count Von Hatzfeldt, and their married life has been a happy one. Bismarck, however, determined to make him Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, but it was impossible, owing to the strict etiquette of the German Court, that he should receive the appointment while he was united to a lady who had been in any way, either directly or indirectly connected with the stage, and Miss Moulton's sister-in-law had been a concert singer. This did not stand in the way of the gallant Count, however, and it is now announced from Berlin that he has procured a divorce from his wife and will receive his Secretaryship. This may be considered all very well in the Court circles of Berlin, but to vulgar American eyes it looks a good deal like downright brutality.—N. Y. Express.

SIOUX SURRENDER.

The surrender of a large force of Sioux is reported by General Miles, as taking place near Ft. Keogh, M. T. This has been looked for and anticipated by the Government for some time and arrangements made accordingly. Orders were sent the Department Commander to permit the return of all Indians willing to surrender. The Sioux and other Indians coming into Ft. Keogh come virtually as prisoners of war. Their arms and ponies will be sold and the proceeds turned into provisions for their temporary use. They will hereafter be turned over to the Interior Department and transported to some point on the west side of the Missouri river, and as far south as practicable, where they will be placed on a reservation. The War Department does not understand that the 1,800 or more Indians now at, or on their way to Ft. Keogh, have more than a nominal connection with Sitting Bull. They were North at the same time he did, but have never been, to any extent under his personal control. That Chief's movements are regarded with indifference by the Government just so long as he stays on the Canadian side.—Cherokee Advocate.

Every newspaper man knows the difficulties to be met in getting out the first number of a paper and the work it takes to overcome them. Considering the little time we have been able to be out of the office since the first issue of the TRANSPORTER, our subscription list is very

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